PHILADELPHIA, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 10, 1870. Prince of the Parince of Course, Series, Se

FOR THE SATURDAY EVENING POST. BY EBEN E. REXFORD.

Death is not sorrowful to me:
It is only falling aslesp
at night, to waken at morning,
He more to grieve nor wrop!
led giveth to His beloved.
The calm, ewest night of rest,
before the morning breaketh
Of the long day of the bleet.

It is all too grand and cood For one who has loved the bloss And birds with a love untold. Give me the earth for a pillow, And the grass to cover my breas And a few flowers, fair and fregra And leave use to my rest.

### LEONIE'S MYSTERY.

WRITTEN FOR PHE SATURDAY EVENING POST BY FRANK LEE BENEDICT,

AUTHOR OF "BAYED AT LAST," " THE COST OF A SECRET," "RACHEL HOLMER," BTC.

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CHAPTER XXII.

A formight had passed since the day that Mark La-lay encountered Leonie at the Jew broker's, and received that overwhelming proof which made all his jealous suspicious of the past weeks cortainties, and her refusal even then to speak sent him away, as he limited forces.

he believed, forever. He had wandered about like a restless ghost He had wandered about like a restless ghost from one city to another—from one quiet country place, beautiful with early spring, to a freeb haunt, and found all sike made unendurable by the harrowing doubts that distractes him. A few years before, in the reckle-sucas of his early youth, he would have tried to drown thought in dissipation, but he had grown weary of the miserable round of vices that are as old as the flood, and could not thus content himself. Intellectual occupation was an impossibility now, and unfortunately for his hopes of peace his wealth placed him beyond the necessities of business, so he had no refuge from his co-

stant restlemen.

He was bitterly angry with Leonie, but in spite of his jesious he could not cast her out of his thoughts, for even in his darkest seasons there would constantly recur the reflection that he was wrouging her—that the mystery in her life was something not caused by her fault—that she suffered through others, and deserved the most patient, faithful sympathy from him until the day came when she could clear it up.

At last that feeling grew so strong that he

when she could clear it up.

At last that feeling grew so strong that he determined to write to her—to say that—to beg if it were possible to be allowed to aid her. But shough he began many letters, they were all torn up unfinished. By the time morning came and he grew conscious that he had passed the entire night in that useless labor and the prey of such varied feelings, longer waiting become unendurable. He was staying up at a secluded place he owned in the shadow of the Catakil's, a spot to which he had always been attached by many boyich memorita, but which it seemed to him be must hate henceforth—and by the first train that he could get he huzried back.

useless labor and the prey of such varied feelings, longer waiting become unendurable. He was staying up at a secluded place he owned in the shadow of the Catakil's, a spot to which he had always been attached by many boyish memorica, but which it seemed to him be must hate henceforth—and by the first train that he could get he huzried back to town.

Once there, seated in his rooms, with the solitude appearing more complete than it had done in the country, be asked himself weurily why he had come, and cutsed himself would not go near Mrs. Dormer—twenty times be vowed that, though all the while some power that seemed exterior to his will tugged at his heart and urged him to sock her.

At last he threw himself on his bed, and At last he threw himself on his bed, and his seem to call on Mrs. Dormer—"

"I never gave you the cold shoulder, Andrew."

"Never; you're too brave! I always liked you, Mark—I don't suppose my indicence over you in the old days was very good, and I ised you."

"I could have kept out of the scrape—but I liked you."

"I could have kept out of the scrape—but I had chowen," returned Lasley; "I'm not mean enough to kept out of the scrape if I had chowen," returned Lasley; "I'm not mean enough to kept out of the scrape if I always liked you, Mark—I don't suppose my indicence over you in the old days was very good, and I ised you."

"I could have kept out of the scrape—but I liked you."

"I am going to tell you—i dare say you'll be furious—inaybe try to knook me down—but I shall tell you for the sake of the uld days."

"Well?" Mark asked gravely.

"You have kept out of the scrape—but I liked you."

"I am going to tell you—i dare say you'll be furious—inaybe try to knook me down—but I shall tell you for the sake of the uld days."

"Well?" Mark asked gravely.

"You he cold always indrew."

her.

At last he threw himself on his bed, and warn out by the sleepless nights of the past weak, he fell into a troubled dusinher, from which he did not wake until late in the afternoon; roused than by the calminating misery of a weetched dream which he could not clearly recent. He saw Leonte in some fearful peril, and was bound hand and toot, so that he could not aid her. As he struggle, fercely with his bonds he could see her in the distance—her white face turned appealingly upon him—her voice shricking his name, and he woke with a wild cry, so abaken and cisturbed that for some seconds the agonized tones seemed still ringing in his car.

his car.

He sprang up, made some hasty change in his dress and west out. Without any distinct purpose in his mind he walked rapidly through the streets, and at length turned into the one where her residence was situated. He rang the door bell—only a fresh

Table 1



SINCO TEMPLE AT YORG-MAN & JAPAN.

The two religious systems in Japan are Sintuism and Buddhism. The Bun gordess, the principal decorations of the purpose, kneels in the versada, their temples consist of images of the from whence, through a grated window, he is not there are thousands of inferior ones, called Kaui, of whom the greater number are drifted men. It inculcates the worship of the kami, both in temples and corresponding to the purity gases at the micror, offers up his prayors, with the sacrifice of rice, fruit, ten, drops number are drifted men. It inculcates the worship of the kami, both in temples and

"Are you in great baste, Lasley?" he asked.
"Yes—no—not particularly," Mark re-

plicd, Then walk this way-I am grad I met

you."
Mark could not well refuse; he would a little rather have not been seen arm in arm with Paul Andrews, but he did not show

with Paul Amerews, which that.

"What is wanting?" he asked, struck by the nausual gravity of Andrews' face, and suddenly thinking that he might in come way med help. "Nothing wrong, I hope?"

"No—not with me," returned Andrews.
"I say, Lasley, you and I used to be good."

"I say, I mainly, you friends."

"I am sure I thought we were so still."

"Not as we used to be; I'm not blind!
Never mind, I don't complain—let the world give me the coid shoulder if it please—perbaps though I am not so blook as I am painted."

painted."
"I never gave you the cold shoulder, An-

"You had just been to use the mer."
"I see no necessity for dragging that lady's name into our conversation," intergupted Lasley,
"There is, though," returned the other;
"It is about her that I want to speak."
"Then I don't think I care to hear,"
"You are not afraid of the truth?" demanded Andrews with a covert sucer.
Lastey dropped his arm and faced round upon him.

upon him. "I think we will leave the subject," said ba, " or I may my to carry your prediction about the knocking down into practice." "I meant it kindly, Mark—I am speaking

"I meant it kindly, Mark—I am spanish for your sake."
"Go bin, then," said he roughly; "only choose your words carefully."
"You are cray over that woman," continued Andrews; "I have seen that—"
"If that is all, I am not interested," he broke in again; "I probably know more

A bitter taunt about Andrew's own ill suc

A bitter taunt about Andrew's own ill successe rose to Lasley's lipe-in bis anger, but he was too manly to give it utterance.

"I know what you are thinking," said Andrews: "but never mind my experience—my wife is dead now, and whether she or I was most to blame doesn't matter."

"You must explain," Mark said. "You have spoken of a lady whom I admire and respect in a way that I will permit no man to do in my presence."

"I can do it easily," returned Andrews numoved. "Some weeks since a fellow own on here whom I know when I was in

tomoved. "Some weeks since a fellow come on here whom I knew when I was in California. He's a handsome young animal—the worst man I knew, and you know i'm not particular—amony other teings a motoriou gambler—his name is Phil Yates."

"Well?" repeated Lasley again, but his voice shock a little now.

"He writes and receives letters almost daily from Mrs. Dermer—he has not told me the secret, but I knew that he has some hold upon her, dating book to the time when she was in California after her husband's dusth."

"Mysterions, but not very terrible," said Mark. "Probably only the fallow's les."

"Then why has the goos to-day to meet him up at Banker's "asked Andrews, soming a hotel some tan miles up the Blooming that road, more famous as a resort for fast people of both texes than would be agreeable for a woman eareful of her reputation to visit.

"It's a lis!" Mark axelaimed hoarsely. "It's a lie!" Mark exclaimed boarsely,

disappointment awaited him—the servant and firs. Dermer had gone to drive in the park. He turned away more awayr bina the park. He turned away more awayr bina was a triple fool, the servant himself for his folly. Sue was carejess of his absence—she could go out—drive—amuse herself, oblivious of him she himself for his folly. Sue was carejess of his absence—she could go out—drive—amuse herself, oblivious of him she himself for his folly. Sue was carejess of his absence—she could go out—drive—amuse herself, oblivious of him she himself for his folly. Sue was carejess of his absence—she could go out—drive—amuse herself, oblivious of him she himself for his folly. Sue was carejess of he she himself for his folly. Sue was carejess of the trouble."

As he oescoaded the steps he came face to face with Paul Andrews, who was samtering leaurely down the street. Years before, while Lasley was still avery young mán accent the down had been very intimate. Since then, the intimacy had ceased, though Lasley would always be friendly when they met and sometimes went to his house, refusion with the natural generosity of his disposition to aid in the work of punsing any man upon the downard rade.

He would gladly have avoided him to-day, for he was in no mood to endure anybody's cockety, but as he was passing on with a brief saulation, Andrews laid a hand on his sec.

"Are you in great haste, Lasley!" he asked.

"Yes—no—not particularly," Mark replied.

"Yes—no—not particularly," Mark replied.

"It was a long, tiresome drive to her, but made.

"That I am not bound to tell you—yet I will be you have a bring to him the grown to her keep asked.

"Yes—no—not particularly," Mark replied.

"Yes—no—not particularly," Mark replied.

"It was a long, tiresome drive to her, but made.

"That I am not bound not hell you—yet I will be only a the carriage and showed her into a company of the heaves and showed her into a company of the heaves and showed her into a company of the heaves and showed her into a company of the heaves and showed her i

would be found on the nin, and away.

It was almost sunset now; socking toward the west in a break of the trees, she could see the color brightening in the masses of cloud—the spring breeze sighed softly among the branches—the birds sang—a little brook crept away past her feet and hid inelf with a pleasant murmur in the deeper recesses of the wood. Peace all around, and such a meddening tumult in her soul, and the blue sky looking so far off and so pitiles! pities! "All this to torment and try to terrify me," she said.

ed forward; the first expre

ed forward; the first expression is her face was suger—again the vaice called—
Leonie, Leonie!
A great terior and loathing swept whitely over her features; she turned, and with the terior forced out of her countenance by some effort of her imperious will, with only too loathing and scorn left there now, faced the man who had haunted her life so ruthically and made accounts a mockers of her lessly and made so empty a mockery of her envised existence by his country—he was there, and she stood regarding him with those terrible eyes which would have alain bim if looks could kill.

# CHAPTER XXIII.

For several momen's the pair stood con-tempisting each other in sitence, while a storm of emotion, in which the whole his-tory of her antiering and humiliation was re-vealed, swept seroes Leonie Dormer's face; but under all and through all, whether pain or rige was predominant for the instant, that overs beiming scorn and loathing were always visible.

He did not seem to be greatly affected thereby, meeting her keen glance with a

to visit.

"It's a lie!" Mark exclaimed hoarsely, raising his arm.

"Biop, Lueley! Don't make a scene in the street! Wustever I am, you know I am not a physical oward! Go and satisfy yourself—if it is not trac come to me for antisfaction—you shall have it."

Without another worn Lusley broke from him and deathed down the stites and Andrews puresed his walk, muttering—

"I did do it out of hindness to him, for I always liked that how—I think it pays the widow off nicely, tou—I sweet to in that—and she long days that had clapsed since her interview wite Mility Groficus, Leonic had not been able to get a word from I was extent from the expression in his yes that had clapsed since her interview wite Mility Groficus, Leonic had not been able to get a word from I was extent from the expression in his yes that had only written on co—after that the waited in a sort or recibers apacing the sould see fit to bring his abacors again across her way.

Ouly the eight twore there had come a note from him, appointing an interview at this hotts. Leonic knew whing of the place except that toe inns generally upon the road were the recorts of drinking men and turfists, but the knew that to mak to nak to to record or the place except that toe inns generally upon the road were the recorts of drinking men and turfists, but the knew that to mak to nak to to rively difficult to divine i should think! I most or capture is one thing in common between in which as a three which you had been flurg as and should read was in her face, and there where we may be suffered to gain this interview.

"I think," he said, in a soft, sliky voice, failer of menance with a shife were uppleasant there were proved the seen for gain to seen to be greatly affected therethy, me ting her value that make had dared to gain this interview.

"I think you had better the base of most ing branch of the make had dared to gain this interview.

"I think you had better to fine more uppleasant had been and here there are the place of most ing branch and through all were th

voice.

"If you think I have to any, I wender
you wanted to see me—for the interview
would be uselese." he answered.

"Oh, no subterfuge, Palip Ketes! I
don't suppose you have told it entright—but
I know your way! You have hinted—made
neonle support—set them watching—given

don't suppose you have total it entrant—but I know your way! You have hinted—made people suspect—set them watching—given them econsion to whisper their personness goes to others."

"To whom have I given this opportunity!"

"To your friend—a fit friend for you—Paul Andrews, for one; to that girl whose acquaintance you made—beaven knows how—for mother; I want to hear to whom else."

"You mistake," heesid, with an assumption of forbearance, that was more instraing than his imperticent manner; "it would not have suited my purpose to test anyhody. My friend Andrews knows that I am well acquainted with you—that you favor me with pretty notes—nothing more."

"The letter I left for you at the Jow's, was in his hande—he answered it,"

"But he had not read it—I dictated the reply. As for little Mise Confoon—pretty sittle girl, isn't she?—how she does hate you, to be sure! I met her at Paul's house—I sent you a message by her—but she never knew what it meant."

"All this to torment and try to terrify me," she said.

ancered be.

Again she struggled with her rising pasion; he could see it surge and blaze in the angry plender of her eyes—but she would not speak till she dould make her voice caim

"You promised to keep out of my sight-to have my life clear at least from the pol-lution of your presence," she said.
"Did I?" he saked, with an issolent laugh.

"Well, you know I don't always keep my promises."
"I might have known that you would

not regard the most solemn pledge," re-torted she, bitterly. "What is any sort of promise to a man like you?" "What is it? Why nothing, of course, That point being settled, we needn't wasto more words over it."

"I am a fool to waste any words upon you," returned she, with audden deflance, and made a movement to leave him, after all that she had dared to gain this inter-

Deces (A)

I thought you would not go, and he is maked he is maked not be or many to which mo had a monated you wished.

the memons you winted."

"Tall me when you want, and he done,"
also evaluated impationally.

"I welcal thinking you were going to do theater," measured bt. "I meet to sojoy hearing you talk imprompts blank were, and thought you were should an favor meanin."

"I suppose you were surprised when you first beard of my arrival," he said, without paying the least attention to her words.
"I did not take that trouble," she an-

"There were numerous reasons why I came on from California," he continued; "some of them would not interest you..."
"None of them would," she interrupted.
"Being matters entirely personal to my-oalf," he want on, as if she had not uttered her seagerful personals. "But there were others is which you were concerned—and as you appeared to pay very little attention to my letters—"

my letters—"
"I answered all that needed reply," she broke in again, finding it more difficult to control herself from the composure with which he talked.
"But not," I grieve to eny, in a spirit that did you credit," and he, with an insolent imitation of patience and regret that were hard to hear.

"I received one from you and had replied to it, when I may your name in the list of passengers for New York, and knew that you

passengers for New York, and all had broken your word."
"Bearcely that," mid he, with the air of a person endeavoring to explain matters in a friendly manner, "I had learned certain things which showed you were not dealing

gs which showed you was a fairly by me."
Parhapa," she exclaimed, flaming into momentary passion, "you expected me to consent te your horribly inscient demand— no, even you with all your hardthood, could not have expected that—it was only an ad-ded degradation you wished to make me

"I said I discovered you were not dealing fairly by me, my Lady Loosie—and I always mean people to do that or suffer the conse-quences," said he, quietly, but with a mean-

in his eyes.
beard that I had received a portion of my fortune, you mean, and were afraid you might not get a lion's share of it,"

orted she.
'Pininty put-very good;" said he, quite

namoved.

"If you had waited to get the answer I
wrote to your letter, you would have known
that I was willing to buy your absence at a

good price."
"Then you should have been more ex-plicit the day you met me on Long Island."
"The shuddered at the recollection of that

interview.

"You know why I did not—you would not talk of terms; you dared to insult me by words, you knew I would not bear—"

"Take care, Loonie," he interrupted.

"Yes," she cried, "I will; for my own sake, though—I don't wish to remember. Well, you came—came to make a better hargain for yourself—to trade upon my fears! To do that to still more advantage, you refused money that first day—stole my ring—have kept me walting alone, haunted ring-have kept me waiting since, haunted by the idea that you might at any moment

"These are only assertions," he replied with the same mooking smile, as she paused, breathless from the excitement with which she had spoken; "positively uttered, it is true, but only assertions—they prove no

true, but only assertions—top portions, "Oh," cried she, striking her hands together, with a rage that she could not subdue; "one thing was proved long agothat you were the meanest of your sex. Why, they say that women are noted for their ability to torture and wound in every little miserable way, but you show that a mean man is much more ingenious and consamatible."

This is better," said he, with an air of relish: "this is more like your old self—ex-aggerated and theatrical. Now I recognize you again; but you haven't called me a flend, yet."

returned she: "the devile ther selves would never be so cowardly in their baseness as you are! Why, they must be ashamed to own that you are kindred to them

in any way."

The intense scorn in her voice seemed to

touch him at last, and the mucking our about his lips deepened to a smile of abso-lute ferocity, as he said— "This woman allowed me to love her; she led me on; she wished for a slave to her

"It is false, false!" she broke in. "I have been guilty of enough in the way co-quetry—but never where you were con-corned. You did deceive me at first, in spite of my instructs, into thinking well of you, but you showed your real character too

abon."
"Too soon?" he repeated, with a sneer,
from which she shrank as if he had struck
at her with a knife. "It seems to me if
that were so, a woman as bad tempered and
imperious as you are, would hardly be stand-

ing here now."
"What a weak, miserable idiot I am to do it," she cried

"What a weak, miserable idiot I am to do
it," she cried.

"You want to held your own before the
world—you want to be admired and courted! You come of a great family which must
not be tainted by such histories as are common enough wis others—that is why."

"Dun't try me too far," she said. "I
teld you I was desperate—I am! If I can
be free from your presence in no other way.
I'lt tell the whole story—publish is far and
near. We will see if there is not some man
left with honor, to lash your soul out—a
hound's death—it end for such a life."

"And where would you be after?"

"Pree from the possibility of eseing your
face, at all events."

"A theme for gemip—tubject for newspaper paragraphs—worst of all, pitted by
the people who have enved you; that would
be the hardess of all to bear—oh, I know
you."

"You do know me—you have traded on

you."
"You do know me—you have traded on that knowledge; but I warn you—youb me too far, and I will do as I have said, regardless of the consequence to myself."
It was no vain threat, no momentary particular to make it is not able to the means energy word; abe was desparate—he could pead that.

"Perhaps you imagine that I don't under-

SC(6):223

"What if that was just what I did not

ogain."

"I am going to do nothing of the sort! I ask you as I would any other highwayman, what it is you want."

"I manage went."

"I manage want."

about you—I know everthing about last winter."

She was not moved by his revelation, as he had expected; she was neither frightened nor enraged.

'You love Mark Lasley—you seed not deny it. I did make a little mistake at first—I rather thought it was Thorman—but I son saw that you were only in hopes of his being able to help you because he know there was some trouble between you and me. I paid him off for his impudence, though, pretty effectually too—for he loved that girl. Well, what do you stand them silent for—you can't deny the trath of what I have sa'd."

"You have foiled yourself for once," she answered; "the recollection of you would have kept me from loving any man—I should have known you would do what you have."

bave.

"One would have thought you might have emembered my nature enough to expectit,"

said he.

"But you have overreached yourself!
How could I think of leve when I was help-less as a prisoner chaiced in his cell?"

"You do love Mark Lasley," he reiter-

"Whother I do or not can make ference to you -ne difference in my fate."
"It makes this difference—it makes me "It makes this difference—it makes me want to be revenged on you both; that is a difference, I think. He and I were near a quarrel not long since—better have a care for him—he is not much more patient than you or I."

He was looking straight in her eyes, but her stern experience in hiding emotion stood her in good stead now. Though his words sent a chill like that of death to her very soul, she made no outward sign. In that

sent a chill like that of death to her very soul, she made no outward sign. In that fearful second of reflection which followed his speech, her diszy brain contemplated the awful chances which might at any moment evertake Mark Lasley, if she could not con-vince this man that her hears at least was untouched. All this dreary thought, rapid as lightning, though it seemed to her an age before she could force her lips to move in answer.

"How very good of you to confide the gentleman to my care," said she, in her most careless, sneeding voice. "But you need not put yourself to so much trouble—I fancy he is quite capable of taking care of himself."

"We'll see that," retorted he. "We'll see that," retorted he.
She shrugged her shoulders with a pretence of indifference that roused him into
fierce wrath at the idea that he had been
mistaken in supposing that he had found a
fresh and more potent source of influence

"When you like and as you like," said she; "it is as likely to be your blood as his—at all events I am far past the time when blood letting for any man could dis-tarb me."

"I do believe you are a fiend," he cries

out.
"I do believe I am," returned she, with s
triumphant thrill in her voice that he could
not understand. "At least you may believ
that there is no power which can move me no threat that can terrify me either for my

He mattered something under his breath, and stood for a moment irresolute.

'Have you finished all that you came to say?" demanded she, in the same specific

ve ce. .. That is for me to decide; I shall say

"That is for me to decide; I shall say what I please."
"At least you shall be quick about it," she interrupted, determined to follow up the advantage she hed gamed.
"You are very bold to-day! You trust to my old love for your keeping me stlent still."

"Your love!" she cried. "Why if I be "Your love!" ane cried. "Why it I not rest an instant owing anything to toat—I'd shrick the whole story out in the streets." "You're mad—amountely mad!" replied

"You're mad—ansolutely mad!" replied ha.
"Mad and worse—can't you understand yet what I said—it would be better to say that I am mad—I am desperate. Now see—snough of this—I'll have no more."
"You'll have no more—you!".
"Yes; it is in my hands now."
He tried to langh, but he was startled by the change in her looks and words—she could see that.

the change in her looks and words—she could see that.

"I think you will alter your tone, when you find that I am taking steps to make areyshing known."

"It is what I want—what I will have—how, I care not, so it be done quickly! I have borne enough—saffered enough—I will endure no more—"

"But you shall, worse."

"Impossible! I am past the power of saffering—every feeling I had is dead—aited! I only want to be at peace—and I will. Go tell your stery—publish is far and mear—ealy make me free of you—go!"

"I'll tell it in my own time and my own way," he said.

way," he said.
"Do it," she repeated; "I ask nothing more of you! No matter what came after, I should accept it as happiness compared to the degradation of being exposed to most you—hearing your voice—reading your letters—being reminded of you in any sort,"

"For awhile I want you to live with all this hanging over your need," he answered, through his cleached teets. "I want you to suffer a tithe of what I have done—to

"To awhile I want you to live with all foreign away off in Califo nia—but when you got your money back, returned among you fine people, I must not come near."

"I think you have already had as much good of the money as I," returned ahe. "You have not scrupled to wring every penny from me that you could—and I a woman."

"I suppose I might be said to have a right to it—but that's not the peint! You want to know what brought me North—I told you—to see you. By heaven, I have sover hear abic to decide whether I loved or hated you most—but I always meant to have my revenge."

"Revenge for having insulted me—persecuted me—made my life one long purgatory—you wanted to come back into your life just when my presence would make you the most trouble, and that is now—for this time I believe you are in earnest; I believe you are in earnest; I believe you love that man yon have had dangling about you—I know everthing about last winter."

She was not moved by his revelation, as he had expected; she was unitable of the property of the was that we would not entare the last the mistake at first a last the words rounded in his treat, but the head mor enraged.

"You love Mark Lasley—you seed not deny it. I did make a little mistake at first a last that would have thanked her info out under his heel, she would not that and one of the property of the words rounded in his treat, but the head mor enraged.

"You love Mark Lasley—you seed not deny it. I did make a little mistake at first a little mistake at first a little mistake at first being the property of the property of the words rounded her life out under his heel, she would have thanked her his look in words rounded her life out under his heel, she would have thanked her his heal, she would have thanked his mistake at first being the property of the property o

"I believe you'd like me to kill you," he mattered.

"I am not afraid to die, Philip Yates," she answered. "God has punished me so bitterly aircady that I am certain no where in eternity shall I here to see your from."

"I'll make your name so infamous," he bissed, "that if you walk the streets the very beggars shall hept at you—that if you dare to show your face among your fine friends they will shrink from you so if you had learnery."

friends they will shriak from you as if you had leproey."

"I should not ease," her voice rang out firm and cleer.

"I'll make you so great a horror to the man you love that he would seeser look at the memset painted thing that walks the streets," he shouted.

"If there were such a man, Philip Yates," she cried, andaunted still, "the shadow of your presence about my life would long since nave driven him from me—every way foile?, every way powerless—I defy you!"

"You feel that just now, because you are in ore of your bind rages," he said more quietly.

quietly.

"No; because I have nothing more to lost—because my life is wreched! lind you consented when you first came East to my demanus, I might still have clung to existence; but I am worn out, tired, I care for

nothing—nobody!"
"I think there will be a change when yo

"I think there will be a change when you find what I can do—when people begin to look a kance at you from the reports I will have epread abroad."

"I shall only smite—I have expected it."

"When you pick up a newspaper and find your name and story in it, and know it has gone over the length and breadth of the land."

"Not even then! I shall not weit fo "Not even then! I shall not wait for that! One other step on your part-mo master what, whether falsehoods to others or persecution to me, and I tell the whole trath and deliver myself forever from the fear of your presence. I can bear the world's laugh, or worse, its sympathy—nothing else would fall to my share."
"Only I should tell the story in my own fashiou," sneered he, "Do you want to hear how different I can make it sound?"
"Bah! Do you think the world would not believe the blackest side? I thought you knew it better."

not believe the blackest side? I thought you knew it better."
"Then I say again, it would not maiter?"
If it had been a figure carved from marvies and endued with the power of speech, the voice could not have been more unyielding, the white features more set and stony. He had sought to is interview, meaning to drive her to desperation, but not this cort. He had believed that after the agonising suspense of these past weeks she would be glad to snatch at any means which he might effer that should leave her life outwardly free from him. He was so utterly vile and deformed. from him. He was so utterly vite and graded himself that he could not understand the possibility of purity or uprightness in another, and her very defiance made the mad passion which he called love burn with

another, and her very denance mains the mad passion which he called love burn with new fury in his heart.

"You have heard the last words that I will speak," sho said; "I will shide by them! Come near me aguin—presume to force yourself into my presence, and I will protect myself, though the whole land, from the Atlantic to the Pacific, abould ring with belief of the worst history your malice could invest."

invest."

"I wouldn't leave you alone then," he cried; "don't think it—I'll never leave you alone."

Then followed mad appeabes from hereferer replies from him; asconsciously they had spoken more loudly, when they were both brought back to their renses by the sound of footsteps émming up the ascent and a voice that called in anger and alarm—"Mrs. Dormer—Leavis!"

At the same instant they saw Mark Lasley appear on the summit of the hill—stand for an instant as if parelysed, then horry toward them.

(To Ma CONTINUED.)

the Prussian medical staff at Metz, complain, do what they will, they cannot break the French convalencents of their oraving for housefleak. They will east it, notwithstanding that they are receiving rations of mutton. The dectors oppose their esting horsefleak because they think that the entire change of diet will operate as much as anything in effecting a ware.

(37 James Russell, of flutton, N. H., committed socieds the other day by hanging himself in his harm. A piece of paper was found, on which was written: "I came into the world in 1900, have lived seventy years and seen the maghine, but don't understand it. I came into the world by the neck, and if they will accept me, will go out by the mock."

117 The German army is officered almost exclusively by the aristooracy.

The lorus of THE POST or, the con-these of that hemilifed imagestee, I LADYS FRIEND—in codes that the may be made up of the paper cell mage conjuintly when in desired—and are or lows:—One copy (and a large Paperlum S Regraving) \$2.50; Two copies \$4.00; Pour copies \$6.00; Pive copies (and one extra) \$8.00; Eight copies (and one extra) \$12.00. One copy of THE POST and one of THE LADY'S FRIEND, \$4.00. Every person getting up a club will receive the Premium Eugraving in addition.

Club subscribers who wish the Premium Engraving must send one dollar extra. To those who are not subscribers we will furnish it for two dollars.

Subscribers in the British Provin

remit twenty cents extra for poetage. Papers if desired. Contents of Post and of Lady's Priend always entirely different.

Priesd always entirely different.
Enhearibers, in order to save themselves from loss, should, if possible, procure a Postoffice order on Philadelphia; or get a draft on Philadelphia or New York, payable to our order. If a draft seemed be had, send a check payable to our order on a National Bank, if arms this is not recoverable, and Bank; if even this is not procurable, send United States notes and register the letter. Do not send money by the Express Com-panies, unless you pay their charges. Always be sure to name your Post-office, County,

and State.

ABWING MACHINE Premium. For 30 subscribers at \$3,50 spices—or for 30 subscribers and \$60—we will send Grover & Bakur's No. 25 Machine, price \$55. By remitting the difference of price in cash, any higher priced Machine will be sent. Every mbeeriber in a Premism List, inasmuch as he pays \$3.50, will get the Premium Steel Engraving. The lists may be made up con-jointly, if desired, of THE POST and the

Samples of THE POST will be sent for 5 of the Lady's Friend for 10 cents. Samples of both will be sent free to those desirous of getting up clube.

HENRY PETERSON & CO., 819 Walnut St., Philadelphia

Leonie's Mystery.

BY FRANK LEE BENEDICT. We began this fine story in THE POST of

We design printing an extra edition of this story, sufficient to supply back numbers to

all new subscribers up to January. Still, as the extra edition may not bold out, it will be well for all who wish to avail themselves of our liberal offers, to send on their subscriptions as early as possible.

A NEW STORY BY MRS. WOOD.

We have made arrangements with Mrs. Henry Wood for a new story to be published in THE POST. We will announce the title, and time of publication, hereafter.

It is always the aim of Mrs. Wood in her stories, to combine a high degree of interest with the inculcation of some moral lesson And it is this which renders her stories such favorites with the great majority of readers. Those who speak of her as a merely "sensa tional" writer, simply have caught up a parrot cry, and show their utter ignorance of

We know a certain portion of our readers especially the boys and young men-are spoiling for a story of adventure.

And therefore we design comm our first paper in January, a stirring story by Gustave Aimard, author of "The Queen of the Savannah," "The Last of the Incas," &c.

## OUR PLANS.

Sometimes we deviate in publishing nove lets from our arranged programme, and the reason is this, that we find we can do better for our readers. We occasionally have to push aside something that is not entirely natisfactory, or which is able to wait, for ome first-rate thing that will not wait. And me in doing this we not entirely for the benefit of our readers, we expect them to have faith enough in us to believe that such is the case, and that, if they knew all the circumstances, they would wish us to do so.

This, not in answer to any complaint, for we have had none, but in order that there may be a perfect understanding between us and our readers. It is of course both our interest and our desire to do what will please

THE POUNTAIN CITY.

running through them—when, in fact, there shall not only be enough water to use, but to "waste," in keeping the gutters and sewers perfectly clean and pure.

AHEAD.

The North American of this city mys that Pouncylvania lends the van of states in actual increase of population, her absolute gain being 979,000, while the largest gain in any other state is Illinois, 828,365, followed by Missouri 525,000, Iowa 508,608, and New York 400,000. Our gain in Pennsylvania, if this statement be correct, is more than twice that of New York, and one hundred thousand beyond that of Illinels. This is somewhat of a surprise to us, as we presume it will be to the nation.

THE POREIGN NEWS

As we write this, we have news from the French that General Ducrot, with 150,000 men, has broken through the besieging lines at Paris, and formed a junction with General D'Aurelles, who commands the army of the Loire—thus in fact raising the siege of Paris. On the other hand, we have a denial of the reported Preuch successes from Prussian

be an European Conference held, at which the Russian difficulty will be peaceably set-

-Since writing the above the following has come to hand :--

LONDON, Dec. 8.—By sifting the vast number of confused and contradictory war despatches received up to a late hour this morning, the fact is undentable that the French forces yesterday actually wou a victory, as claimed by them, near Orleans, but that the Germans certainly repulsed the French attack before Paris. It is not true that the French Army of the Loire effected a junction with Troobu, though the Prasian lines were repeatedly and successfully pierced during the sugargument. The bayenet charges of the French were exceedingly illiant. b illiant.

THE AUTUMN .- The present Autumn bas in Eastern Pennsylvania. The temperature during November was three degrees above the average, and from the weather tables for Philadelphia it appears that there were twenty days perfectly clear, three on which it rained, three cloudy, two when showers fell, one on which it snowed, and one foggy. The depth of rain during the entire month was two and three-tenths inches. October was also a beautiful, genial month. The remark has been universal, "What a magni-Scent Autumn!"

OUR LETTERS.

Mrs. S. E. G., of Cambria, Wisconsin,

writes: -"For variety of instruction and entertain ment, I know of nothing equal to THE POST."

Mrs. I. V. J., of Quitman, Texas,

"I am so far out in the wilderness, that I should find it lonely indeed were it not for the weekly and monthly visits of lite-rary periodicals—and yours I find second to none. Having been taking them four years, I ought to be a competent judge."

Mr. J. H., of Hariford, Iowa, says:

"A few days ago a stray number of THE Post got to this town. I must renew my acquaintance with it, though I have no idea I shall peruse it with the eagerness that I did when a boy 45 years ago,"

Superficial Education

General Edmund Shriver, Inspector of the United States Military Academy at West Point, in his last annual report, remarks upon the superficial education acquired by the candidates for admission to that institution. He says that it is may longer unsual to find candidates rejected all West Point for deficiency in the primary branches of a common school education in possession of diplomar from reputable colleges, attenting their proficiency in many kindr of knowledge. He further says that though the requirements for admission are not beyond the especity of an ordinary pupil of the common schools, yet is its doubtful whether one-tenth of the candidates for admission to West Point could pass the preliminary examination without the one year's preparatory study required by law.

required by law.

A COMMENTORDERT graphically describing the horsons of hospital gangrene at Mets, writes: "Here is a house in the laie de Saulay in which there are five sick men and two corpose. There is a doctor with them-a lone man, for the very women, with their tender hearts steeled by the turror of the dread infection, have run away. The dector is an American, a mere youth in years, but there is gray already in his hair, and he tells me that the last six weeks have made him feel as an old man. With every breath he inhales he wish his life nearly as much as if he held his fat into the cage of a cohra de capella." We ought to have been teld the name of such a hero. If this is not leading a forlent hope, what is?

Philadelphia has added to her title of "city of brotherly love," that of "the fountain city." Bbe has taken the lead in eriginating a system of fountains, having a seciety for that express object. At the re-

WONDERS OF BODICY STRENGTH AND BRILL, IN ALL AGES AND ALL COUNTRIES. Translated and Enistred from the French of Guillaume Depping, by Charles Russelle. With Hamecoke Illustrations. Published by Charles Harthmar & Ca. New York; and also for sale by J. B. Lippincott & Co., Falinda. This is the last inned volume of that popular "litrary of wenders," published by Mesers. Soribser & Co. NATURES ARISTOCIFACY; OR, RATTLES AND WOUNDS IF THES OF PRACE. A Pica for the Oppressed. By Mese JERNIS COLLINS. Edited by Ruya II H. Conwell. Published by Lee & Shepard, Besken; Lee, Shepard & Dilliajaham, New York; and also for sale by Claxton, Remeen & Haffelfinger, Philads.

PLANE AND PLANE; OR. THE MISSORY

emption.

(3) The Saturday Review says:—"The valy fact that can be predicted, with any degree of confidence, of many youths, is that providence does not seem to have designed them for anything in particular."

(3) Webster's spelling-book supported his family for twenty years, while he was engaged in preparing his dictionary, by its copyright income of less than one cent per copy.

Carbines, rifles, revolvers, artillery, cartridges, and other war materials are being abipped from this country by the millions of dollars worth, for the use of the belligerents in Europe. The manufacturers of these articles are at present making more money than fell to their lot during our own bloody troubles. At present all Europe (including the Powers not engaged in hostilities) is a very heavy purchaser of American weapons of destruction.

of destruction.

\*\*ETTRE MOSQUITO BAR.—Dr. Horace Walker states that the mosquito bar is a valuable preventive against malarial influences, and gives his experience in the use of them while travelling in some of the most unbealthy portions of Africa, sometimes journeying by cance for twenty-five days without contracting any illness from fever.

\*\*ET\*\* "Shaun," Ivan, Juan (which last is pronounced by the Spaniards very much like the Irish "Shaun") are all varieties of the anne John.

name John.

(27 An economical man can live comfortably on two cents a day in Japan.

(27 A French functionary who was present at the capitulation of floisons states that when the balls begen to whistle about their heads he saw the regular traces by hundreds throw down their arms, unbuckle their kuspesche and run away as hard as they could. The same thing securred at Orleans and in other places.

The same thing securing as Origans and in other places.

[27" Kinsine for Fun."—It isn't safe to indulge in "kinsing for fun" in New York. In a ruit in the common pless quart, in which the defendant admitted that he had kinsed the complainant, "just for fun, you know," the jury decided that the proceeding was calculated to raise hopes of marriage, and accordingly brought in a vestics of \$150 for the party kinsed. A silly jury.

[28" The publication of some of the private correspondence of the Empress Eugene must coly naturally increase the sympathy felt for her in her axile. The letters were evidently never meant for the public eye, and are full of the warmost expressions of affection for her husband and son.

Bernell of Britanes and State of State

speciator forgets its flotion and seems te have entered the heart's boliest sacctuary. It is almost sacred in its beauty, and so glorifies the world for the time being, that when the cortain falls and you go about your business, you are shocked to find how sadly different are the men and women with whom you come in contact. You pass from an illustration of Mrs. Browning's Sonnets from the Portuguese to that of Wall street and Firth Avenue, and feel that you have lost the talisman of life. "Peobter's love-making is so absolutely real," said a woman of cleverness and feeling recently, "that I am moved even to blushing. It is impossible to believe it acting." "I shall send my daughters to see Feother, "exolaimed an enthusiastic father, "that they may know how a man ought to make love." "Don's, I beg of you," replied a somewhat cynical wit; "for if you do they will never marry. That ideal can never be realized." More's the pity, then. And it is because of this ideal elomeut in his lovers that Fechter finds his greatest admirers among women. Possession more sentiment than men. woman the pity, then. And it is because of this ideal element in his lovers that Pachter finds his greatest admirers among women. Pessessing more sentiment than men, women pass one-third of their lives in dreaming, another third in realizing disfluxions, and the last third in attempting to fit into whatever is. Though they sit upon the philosopher's stone, and smile to all the world, they are rarely reconciled to the rough prose of ordinary axistence. Women would live the poetry that men write, for there never was a true women who did not lead her best life is her affections. The intellect of George Hilst will confess as much. "Oh, Art, my Art, thou art much, but Love is more," sang Aurora Leigh. Hungry for sympathy, women recognize their ideal in Peobter's Ruy Blus and Claude Meinotte, and are grateful to the man. That is the laye for which they are willing to die, for which they would gladly perform menial offices through all time. It is the "triumph of woman," the protent against stocks, club life and bar-roows; and when men in real life are such lovers as Fechver is on the stage, no weman will sigh for Heaven; she will have found it on earth. — Kate Pield in Assante Monthly.

pops the removal of forests, and encourage the planting of trees upon the prairies, and in the rainless regions. Wood and timber are growing very scarces and high, in some meetiem with Cheap Sugar.

And now what becomes of this six or eight attended to the country; and the supple of the interest of the country; and the supple of the interest of the country; and the supple of the country.

It is a more than the country of the supple of the country of the swamps in these high lands. The aprings at the source of every brook should be sooredly guarded. These high lands are generally rocky, rough, and steep, and quite it may be country.

It is a more than the country of the plough. They are favorable to the growth of wood, and should be left as sources for the supply of fuel, timber, and rain, for the benefic of the whole country.

Fechter's Acting.

Fechter's Acting.

Fechter's Reales he will be attended to the proper supplementation of the class of the water. The prayer that is the proper to the information of these shipments of the grave to keep the first husband cool into the supply ped monthly to the North in the supply of the information of these shipments of the water upon the grave and hills, in which our stream to the proper in these high lands are generally rocky, rough, and steep, and quite part and the country of the supply of fuel, timber, and rain, for the benefit of the world to the purpose of adulteration, and in that the proper stream the prop the price they were the eannah Republican, 22d.

A Sevel Ironing Table. A French mechanic, resident in Algiers, as recently invented an irosing table, by which, after the articles have been cleaned. has recently invented an irosing table, by which, after the articles have been cleaned, steam can be directly applied during the ironing process, for the purpose of producing a fine finish. The ironing table is hollow, of a long, oval shape, and is composed of metal. The surface is slightly curved and is perforated with numerous small holes. Steam is conveyed to the interior of the table, by means of a pipe leading from a generator placed upon a small furnace, at which the irons are heated. The method of froning is conducted as follows: The article is spread over the table, the key in the steam-pipe is opened, and the steam rushing into the hollow interior of the table, ecopes through the small holes and penetrates the fabric from below; while the operator is passing the shot flat-iron over the upper surface. This process, it is stated, produces a very fine steam finish, equal to that of new goods, and a great saving of time over two old methods is effected. The total cost of the entire apparatus, that is, a steam generator, a furnace and two tables, its about \$200 It may be mentioued that the second table is made of a shape especially adapted for ironing pantaloons. is made of a surious ironing pantalogue.

BE good, sweet maid, and let who will be olever; Do n see saings, not dream them all day

long; And so make life, death, and that wast For-

over One grand, sweet song. — Charles Kingsley. "Therefore, as an ass. All the monu-ments have been built to solemn, therefore, as an ass. All the monu-ments have been built to solemn asses,"

The Sprinkie Family.

Living at Marion, Smythe County, Virginia, is a gentleman named Himadoras Sprinkie, the happy father of eight interesting children, six girls and two boys, who hear the following names:

Memphis rappan Sprinkle.

Empress Vandelia Sprinkle.

Tanis Enc Sprinkie.

Myrthe Himors Sprinkie, (boy.)

Okeno Molette Sprinkle.

Og Witte Sprinkle.

Og Witte Sprinkle.

Ooyx Curwen Sprinkle.

Ooyx Curwen Sprinkle, (boy.)

The cause assigned for giving such singular names, is that Smythe County is sprinkled all over with the Sprinkle family, and when their names are mentioned, it is "John Sprinkle, som of old Joses Sprinkle," and our particular Sprinkle is determined that when any one of his children is speken of, the public shall know which particular Sprinkle it is without having to refer to the paternal ancestor.— Exchange Poper.

Dante places in his lowest heil those who in life were melancholy and repining withcut a cause, thus profaning and darkaning God's blemed saushine; and in some of the ancient Christian systems of virtues and vices, melancholy is unholy, and a vice; obserfulness is holy, and a virtue.

Lord Bacon also makes one of the characteristics of moral besith and goodness to consist in "a constant quick sense of falicity and a voble estimatedion."

What moments, hours, days of exquisite falicity must Christ, our Redeemer, have had, shough it has broome too castomary to place Him before un only in the stitude of paintand aerrow! Why should He always be crowned with thorns, bloeding with wounds, weeping over the world He was appointed to heal, to save, to reconcile with God's The radiant head of Christ in Rapheel's Transfiguration should rather be our ideal of Him who came "to bind up the broben-hearted, to preach the acceptable year of the Lext."—Mrs. Jameses.

the Lani."—Mrs. Jameses.

(22" A wealthy hypochedriac of New Orienns, who believed that his earthly form was as brittle as glass, and that he was in constant danger of breaking it, was completely cured of the concets, a few days since, by the hisdness of two medical rtudents, who followed him about from place to place, and, when questioned as to their motives, stated that twoy were waiting for him to "break himself," so that they might have a chance to pick up the pleces for desection.

have a chance to pick up the piccus for duscetion.

Ell More tourists have lost their lives in Europe during the past cummer, than in the last ten years.

Ell Mr. Mundella, of the British Parlisment, said in hiercount address at the Cooper Institute to a New York audience: "I stand before you the representative of one of the largest constituencies in England, without the power to inflaence in the smallest degree the appointment of a custom-house officer or an excise man."

Ell Anan Widowa.—When an Arab we man intends to marry again efter the death of her husband, she goes the night before the essence to be jealous. As, however, she feels he will be offended or jealous, the widow brings with her a donkey laden with two goats' skins with water. The prayer ended, she proceeds to pour the water upon the grave to keep the first husband coel under the irritating circumstance one about to take place, and having well asturated him, she then departs.

Biggs—false at Models y doses. Cheese sale at 18a;16 ♥ B.

COTTON—500 bales of middlings sold at 16a;14% ♥ B for upland and 16;4a;17 ♥ B for New Orleans. BAIIK—36 bales of No. 1 Quercliron sold at gain ♥ ton. Tanoers' B irk at \$16a;30 ♥ pord for Chestnut and Spanish Mal.

BEESWAX sells at 12a;25 ♥ B for yellow. FRUIT—Dried Apples and Peaches—Sales at 40;7% for Apples and 85;566 ♥ B for half Peaches. Green Apples and 85;566 ♥ B for half Peaches. Green Apples sell at 85;566 ♥ B for half Peaches. Green Apples sell at 85;566 ♥ B for half Peaches. Green Apples sell at 85;566 ♥ B for half Peaches. Green Apples sell at 85;566 ♥ B for half Peaches. Green Apples sell at 85;566 ♥ B for half Peaches. Green Apples sell at 85;566 ♥ B for half Peaches. Green Apples sell at 85;566 ♥ B.

IRON—Fig Iron—No 1 sold at \$376,977,56 ♥ for ... SEEDS—Cloverseed—4000 bas sold, in lots, at 10% € \$10% ♥ B. Timothy is quoted at \$4,756,5. Flax-seed at \$2.

## PHILADELPHIA CATTLE MARKETS.

The supply of Sect Cattle during the past week smoonted to absent 2011 brad. The prices realis at from 85/26/24 \$\mathbb{B}\$. 300 Clews brought from \$5/00 to 80 \$\mathbb{g}\$ read. Sheep- 18,000 head were disposed of it from 5/36/24 \$\mathbb{B}\$. 8800 Hogs sold at from \$0.00 to 9,50 \$\mathbb{g}\$ 180 \$\mathbb{B}\$.

Fast Living and its Consequences. When "fast life" has underwined the strength estroyed the appetite, imp dred the digestion, and soien the has of health from the cheek—when the hand trembles, the spirits droop, and the whole phy stem and mental organization languishes, is it pos-sible to repair the svil and reviore the dilapidated system to full health and vigor? We answer that it is. Hundreds of cases have been cited, thousands might be cited, in which this regeneration has been accomplished by the regular and persistent use of PLASTATION BITTERS. Abetinence from the indujgences which have wrought the mischief is, of course, one of the means of restoration. But it is not sufficient alone. The consequences remain after he cause has been abandened. A wholeson tonic is abso utely necessary to roose the poreal and mental energies from their state of col-lapse. This good work it is the mission of the Plan-tation Bitters to perform. But no other stimulant must be taken.

SEA More PARINE from pure Irish Wore, for blaze monge, puddings, custards, creams, &c., &c. The chernest, nealthiest, and most delistous food in the world.

SLOOD, THURSDAME OF PLROS AND WRIGHT, CLEAR SEIN AND SHAUTHFUL COMPLEXION SECURED TO ALL.

RADWAY'S SARSAPARILLIAS THE WOOD THE WAR

AFTONISHING CUMM UNDER THE INPLUENCE OF THE THE EVERY DAY AN ENGREAGE IN

crorula, Consumption,
Ginnánia: Discoto,
Ulcera in the Threat and Month,
Tumors, Nodes in the Giande,
And other parts of the system,
Sere Ryes,
Birimbus discases of the
Ryes, Noos, Month,

And the worst forms of Skin Diseases. Braptions, Fever norm, Sanid Stood, Ping Wares, Salt Shoom, Bryslasian. Acce, Shack Sports, Worker in the Pints, Tutarin,

Womb Discoon, Gravel, Diabeton,
Dropey, Stoppage of Water,
Incontinence of Urino,
Bright's Discoon,
Westsoon and Painful Discharges,
Hight Swoots,
Are within the curative range of

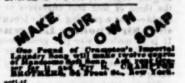
BADWAYS SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT. and a few days' use will prove to day person taking to for either of these forms of discore, its potent person to care these.

ONE DOLLAR & BOTTLE . I THE Principal office of Maiden Lenn, New York, W. Sale by Brougette. V Scott School Section Section The Group Piercerial Assembly of

Hostetier's United States Almonae for 1871, for disorbation, protes, throughout the United States, and all civilized countries of the Westers House, and all who wish to understand the true philosophy of health should read and pender the valuable suggestions it contains. In addition to an admirable product treaties on the countries on admirable production in the contains. modical treatise on the caneer, provention and open of a great variety of diseases, it conteness a large amount of information interesting to the merchant, the mechanic, the minut, the farmer, the planter, and professional man; and the calculations have PROPAL CALBEDAR.

The natura, usee, and extraordinary aunthory offects of HOPTETTER'S STONIACE BITTER'S, the staple tonic and alterative of more than helf the Christian world, are fully set forth in the pages, which are also interspersed with pictorial illustrations, valuable recipes for the homewhold and farin, humerous anecdotes, and other instructive and amusing reading matter, original and released.—Among the Annuals to appear with the operating of the year, this will be che of the most needed, and may be had for the deling. The physician Maine. Hostotter & dentals, an energy of a two case deling, will forward a copy by seal to any person the seam of procum one in his neighborhood. The Bitters are soid in every only, toirs and rillage, he are are examined throughout the outer division world. dect-81

The Cure a Cours, Cold or Sore Threat, use B ROWN'S BRONDETAL TROCKER.



"Interesting to Endles.
"I have a Grover & Baker Sewing Machine that I purchased in November, 1856, and although in use for more than ten years, doing all kinds of work with perfect satisfaction, it still is in good order. I consider it a very excellent machine, and wealf not part with it for any other consideration than to get one of your present make with the recent improvement." Mex. N. M. McCall. Of Newbroat. Ct. ments."-Mrs. H. H. McCall, Old Baybrook, Ct.

## MARRIAGES.

Marriage notices must always be accompanied by a responsible name.

D. D., Mr. William E. Coopen to Mess Anasyda M. Byrory, besk of the city.
On the 17th of Nov., by the Rev. John A. McKean, Mr. Gronor W. Laam to Miss Kars Bayen, both of this city.
On the 6th of Nov., by the Rev. P. S. Henson, D., Sauuna T. Numblas to Miss Many Huwyan, both of this city.
On the 5th of Nov., by the Rev. Wm. T. Eva, Mr. Etwand Kine, of bordontown, N. J., to Miss Carnin Bridge, of this city.
On the 5th of Nov., by the Rev. W. C. Robbnown, Mr. Charles M. Nassbeura to Miss Transma Bridge.
Mr. Charles M. Nassbeura to Miss Transma Bridge.
mr. of the city. NET, of this city.
On the 34th of Nov., by the Rev. Saml. Durborow.
Mr. Adam HEISET to Mice Many [Macanco, both of this city.

## DEATHS.

Notices of Beaths must always be soo tied by a responsible name.

On the let instant, Caynaning, railet of the late Paul Hamrick, aged 85 years. On the 20th of Nov., Adm. is, wife of Wm. Scott, in Ser 26th year. On the 38th of Nov., ELIZABETH G. COATES, in her 74th year. 74th rear.
On the 28th of Nov., William R. Mopper, in his 38th peat.
On the 27th of Nov., William Bradley, aged 54 On the Bik of Nov., JAMES KIRKADE, In his 25d On the 26th of Nov., William Gippone, in his 18th On the 96th of Nov., Guoung R. Arount, in his 34th year.
On the 20th of Nov., Mr. John Thomas in his 60th year.
On the 20th of Nov., William B. Grynn, M. D., in his 68th year.

\$6000 D

# TELL ALL YOUR NEIGHBORS THAT

The Publishers of The Sa-turday Evening Post Offer 3 MONTHS FOR NOTHING,

As follows: We began an admirable Novelet called

# LEONIE'S MYSTERY,

BY FRANK LEE BENEDICT,

in the paper of October 8th-and we shall commence the subscriptions of all

### NEW SUBSCRIBERS

for 1871, with that date, until the large extra edition of the papers containing the early chapters of the story shall be ex-hausted. This will be

### THIRTEEN PAPERS.

IN ADDITION to the regular weekly num-

### bers for 1871, or FIFTEEN MONTHS IN ALL!

When our extra edition is exhausted, the names of all NEW subscribers for 1871 will be entered on our list the very week they are received.

Of course these who send in their names early, will receive the whole number of extra papers.

We EXPECT to have enough extra parts to supply all comers UP TO JANU-ARY-but it will be most prudent not to

lelay in sending on subscriptions.

This offer applies to all NEW subscribers, single or in clubs. See our low Club Terms:

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| 10 00 | py of THE Post and one | of         |

THE LADY'S PRIEND. Beery person getting up a Club will receive he Premium Engraving—and for Clubs of 5 and over both the Premium Engraving and an stra paper. While we offer thus a special induce-

ment to NEW subscribers, our OLD subscri-bers will reap the benefit of the increased circulation which it brings us, in the improvement of our paper, and the ease of getting up their slubs And it is thus to their interest, as we hope it is to their kindly feeling, to speak a good word for us to their friends. Our NEW PREMIUM EN-

GRAVING for next year is a beautiful plate called "The Sisters." It is engraved on steel, by the celebrated English engraver, G. F. Doo- one of the three or four best engravers in the world-after a painting by the renowned artist, Sir Thomas Lawrence. It is of medium size (for greater conve-nience in framing) but is a superior en-

### "THE BROTHER'S BLOOD CRIETE."

BY CHISTINA G. ROSETTI.

All her corn-fields rippled in the sunst ine, All her lovely vines, sweets laden, bowed; Yet come weeks to harvest and to vintage, Whee, as one man's hand, a cloud Rose and opread, and, blackening, burst In rain and fire and thunder.

Is there naught to resp in the day of harvest? Hath the vine in her day no fruit to yield? es, men tread the press, but not for switter

And they reap a red crop from the feld. Build barns, ye respors, garner all aright, Though your souls be called to night.

A cry of tears goes up from blackened homesteads, A cry of blood goes up from reaking earth; ears and blood have a cry that pierces

Haven
Through all its hallelujab swells of mirth;
God bears their cry, and though He tarry.

He doth not forget.

Mournful mother, sitting in the dust weeping, Who shalt comfort thee for those who are not? As thou didst, these do to thee; and heap

the measure, And heat the furnace sevenfold bot: a thon once, now there to thee—who pitieth

From sea to sea ? O thou King, terrible in strength, and build-

Thy strong future on thy part!
Though he drink the last, the King of Sheshach,
Yet he shall drink at the last.

Art thou greater than great Babylon, Which lies overthrown?

Take beed, ye unwise among the people;
O ye fools, when will ye understand:
He test planted the car, shall be not bear,
Nor be smite who formed the band?
"Vongeance is Mine, is Mine," thus saith
the Lord:

O Man, put up thy sword

### Training a Husband.

WRITTEN FOR THE SATURDAY EVENING POST

Now, that sounds ugly for a heading. I'm aware of it. I know as well no you do that, in a free republic, one shouldn's vonture to talk of training anybody except chidren, and indeed, hardly them. I'm aware, too, that for every word I can say on this side of the question, just as mach, word for word, can be said on the other side. It is my idea, I being an old mand, of course, that both husbands and wives need to go through a regular system of training, a sort of tempering process, so to speak, before they can itse together at all happely or comfutably. Having admitted so much, let me go on and any my any in peace.

Having admitted so much, let me go on and say my say in peace.

What set me to thinking about training husbands, was my noticing how the partnership is carried on between the respectable Mr. and Mrs. Von Dunderberg. Mrs. Von D., a few years ago, was a fair-haired, ruddychicked German girl, healthy and happy, without a care in the world. Now, Mrs. Von D. is a sallow, anxious woman, married and worried, with four white-headed, crying little children, rearly all of a sise, hauging to her skirts. It seems to me that those four children cry more than any other children in the world. They squall from morning till night, and then they don't stop.

They are always quarrelling. That's no more than other children do, huwever. Mrs. Von D. syanks hers when they quarrel. They are always having colds in the head and dirty noses. They are always wanting a drink of water in the night. Mrs. Von D. gets up and gives it to them. They kick the covers off continually. Mrs. Von D. sets up and gives it to them. They kick the

nience in framing) but is a superior engraving to any heretofore issued by us, being a perfect GEM OF ART.

This beautiful picture (or one of "Taking the Measure of the Wedding Ricg." "The Song of Home at Sea," "Washington at Mount Vernon," "Elward Everett in his Library," or "One of Liffe's Happy Hours," if preferred) will be sent gratia as a Premium (postage paid) to every full (\$2.50) subscribers, and also to every person sending on a club."

The Club Subscribers who wish the Premium Engraving must send one dollar extra. To those who are not subscribers we will furnish it for two dollars.

TO OLD SUBSCRIBERS.

On the contrary, I blame Mrs. Von D. for it all. It is her fault that she did not start eight, in the firstplace. If a married women is willing to make a bond-clare of herself in the start, she will undershtedly be taken at her own valuation for the cast of her life. Mr. Von D. is exactly like the rest of the mean, and women ine, for that matter, not heartless, but thoughtless. It was his wife's duty, when she married him, to gradually educate him up to a realizing sense of the fact that the imeband of a woman who has four little children and doca her own housewerk and sawing, ought to be burden of the night she. That a man who smokes ten cignas a day ou, bit to cut himself down half, and buy his wife a sawing-machine. That a woman who is worked to disth can't positily have hight, healthy children, and that he owes it not only to his wife, but to his children and great-great grand-children, to see that his wife is not worked to death, but that she has some hours of rest, some hours of pleasure, to brighten and sweeten her hig. That those four howling children belong to him, somewhat, as well as to her, and that it is fully as much his slace he her to attend to them at night, and be responsible for them. I am ratified that men are reasonable creatures. I am fully persuaded that almost every man will listen to reasoning, properly put, supecially from an intelligent, sensible woman. That is to say, an has he is a stubby stick of a man who won't be reasoned with, in which case he doesn't deserve any wife at all, but ougst to live and die a rheumatic old bachelor, shut off by himself in an unishabited site and of the sea.

But it is too late for Mrs. Von D. now. She just begin to be aware that there is a sous louse somewhere, without being able to find it. She could not possibly mane Mr. Von D. see now that he has been deling all her duty and half of his, ever since she married woman's place to be a bond-slave. Mean whic, Mrs. Von D. thinks the touble lits in the form you have the first on the first on the first on

son with him a little.

And that is my idea of training a husband.

# Over-work of the Mind in Children.

In an article on "Physical Discase from Mestal Straio," in the April number of the American Journal of Insasity, Dr. Richardson treats very ably the subject of mental over-work. He divides into six classes those who are sufferers by it—the last of which is the student. Notwithstanding the fact that all parents and teachers were once children themselves, and passed through about the same dangers, sorrows and pleasures which full to the lot of their little ones, many of them do not know how much work the youthful mind is capable of performing without being overtasked. The child is mostly the subject of the arbitrary will power of those who educate him, and can scarcely to said in these matters to exercise any inclination of his own, his part being quiet submission. It is well enough to teach a child tob dience, but his task-masters too often mistake incapacity to perform constructed exercise. often mistake incapacity to perform con-tinued severe medial labor for indolence, and require more work of him than it good for his health. Dr. Richardson says:

for the health. Dr. Richardson says;

"The extent to which over-mental strain
is injurious to the young varies according to
the kind and character of work. The endeavor to fill the minds of children with arti-

strong, part of 100 MO ART.

The CREATE OF A CREATE OF

### Beau Brummell.

The second process of the second process of

monament save toe colored carloastres in in which these illustrions persons have appeared.

Brummell, at this time, besides being the companion and friend of the Prince, was very intimate with the Dukes of Rutland, Durset, and Argyle, Lords Sefton, Alvaoley, and Plymouth. In the senith of his popularity he might be seen at the bay window of White's Club, surrounded by the lious of the day, laying down the law, and occasionally indulging is those witty remarks for waich his was fassous. His house in Chapel street corresponded with his personal "get up;" the furniture was in excellent taste, and the library contained the best works of the best authors of every period and of every country. His cames, his sevies chim, were exquisite; his norses and carriage were conspicuous for their excellence; and, in fact, the superior taste of a Brummell was discoverable in everything that belonges to him.

# A LOVE PORT

10f the more fires and personal power, the following by Lord Lytes has less requisition so a post than error—may be almost considered a it has just enough extravagance to peasing, and enough eigence to please the have outgrown all gouthful feels

made, or the pencils would lose their reputation.

A new experiment was tried. The machinery was all removed to Nuremburg, and American mechanics went with it, who were accustomed to the work.

The new machines created great excitement in Bavaria, and German workmen flooked from all quarters to see and admirs the wonderful automaton bands. For a time all sent smoothly and with great success, and the propristors congratulated themselves that all difficulties were overcome.

But Americans have a great love of home. They enjoy travel and the novelty of new somes and experiences, but somer or later a longing is felt to get back again to their mative land. So these mechanics, while receiving good wages and having everything pleasant in the factory, found a homesickness creeping over them they could not conquer, and one by one they left Bavaria, and turned their faces to the motheriand. The proprietors thought it would be easy to fill their places with German mechanics, and train them to the work. But, though they exercised great care in selecting sk-ilful men, the new workmen could not understand the machinery. It soon got cut of order, and at length would not run. Nobody could be the new workmen could not understand the machinery. It soon got cut of order, and at length would not rue. Nobody could be found in Gormany able to put it in order again, and the machinery, valued at fifty thousand dollars, was a dead less to the

THE SATURDAY EVENING POST.

See 18. Se sign of life than the fervent sunboams shed-ding their cruel lastre overbeas; the river flowed silent and localy from where to shore; the whole hot summer sky stretched just as silent and localy from borison to horison; only the old ferryman, edging along the bank till he was far up stream, crossed the narrower tide and drifted do-u effortiess on the other side; only an old black brig lay at anchor, with furled sail and silent deek, in the middle channel down below the piers, and from her festering and blistering hull it was that all the best and localiness and silence of the scene seemed to exude—for it

a little with it lasted. A week's result the narrower tide and drifted do-s effectives on the other delc; only an old black high great and the other delc; only an old black high great and the middle chemnel dove blooks on upon them the votor of the Sabitans owner seeking for Andews as the fever and from her festering and bitterms built in was that all the heat and localizes and allence of the scene weemed to cande—for it was the tending and the preferred to do his utmost to save a sinking anip rather than eek safety with the control of the fifty of the preferred to do his utmost to save a sinking anip rather than eek safety with his people of the port, who had so far ecoped the evil, who had so far ecoped the evil, were last to let it enter anoth the evil, were last to let it enter anoth the evil, were last to let it enter anoth the evil, were last to let it enter anoth the evil, were last to let it enter anoth the evil, were last to let it enter another weaker to which full as they were in their shallow because of the Satitas. "Now we shall foll as they were in their shallow the same of the s

200000

Sabrian than of the bigg st man-of-war affoat."

"We used to play round her when we were children," said Louie, encouragingly. "Don't you remember leading me down once to admire the lady on her stern?—like a water-witch just gilled in the rays of some sunrise she had come up to see, you said."

"Yee; and we used to climb her shroads, we boys, and get through the lubber-hole, before we could spell her name out. She's made of heart of oak; she'll foat still when the Framie is nothing but sawdust. We used to watch for her in the newspapers—we used to know just as much about her goings and comings a- the ownerdid. Somehow—I don't know why—l've always feit as if my fate and fortune hung upon her. It used to be the top of my ambition to go manter of her. It is now. I couldn't make up my mind to leave her when the others did that cruel morning after the wreck; and when the captain said he should stay by her, my heart sprang up as if she had been a living thing, and I stayed too. And i'd rabber sail her than a European steamer to-day—that I would, by George!"

was a blank of fright and foreboding. On, what should she do? cried the selfah little thing—what should she do in the long, long, weary days with Andrew gone? But then in a moment she remembered that this was the first step toward going master of that craft in which her bridal voyage was to be taken. "And what a long step it is, Andrew?" she cried. "Was the like of it ever known before? What a long, long step it would be but for that bitter apprenticeship when you and the captain brought the wreck home! "Ay," said Andrew, proudly; "I served my time before the mast then, if ever any did." "And I suppose with the next step you will be master of the Sabrins? On, I should so like it!" "I don't know," said Andrew, more doubtfully than he had used to speak. "I'm afraid the owners will think this enough. This is a great lift, I'll do my best to estisfy them, though; for I'd rather sail master of the Sabrins than of the blgg:st man-of-war affoat." "We used to play round her when we were children," said Louie, encouragingly. "Don't you remember leading me down once to admire the lady on her stern?—like a water-witch just gilled in the rays of some unrise she had cove used to kimb her shroads, "Yes; and we used to kimb her shroads," "Yes; and we used to kimb her shroads, "I to go of the beats, such fairy for port, so dainties and delicances as only the first mate of the Brarnie could think to have. And as for Louie, it was no eurifis, no coatly after gold or trouble either, that she could such dainties and delicaces as only the first mate of the Francis could think to have. And as for Louic, it was no curit, no costly gift of gold or trouble either, that she could give him; she had nothing for him but a long, fine chain woven of her own hars, and she hung it round his neck with tears and embroes and words that cauld not be uttered and alghe that changed to sobs, and then came lingering delay upon delay, and pas ionate parting at the last. But when the crew had weighed anohor and the sains were swelling and the wave beyond the har crying out for them, Miss Francis and her mother could still be seen waving their handle-cohiefs from an upper window; as dhalf brind with the sorrow and the pain be chuked away from sight, and mad with thanse to think he had found no way but to accept their favors, Andrew felt that their sign if mist be answered, and sulleply waved his own reply; and then the pilot was leave.

-SEASON

how you're longing to see her; and she's been at the window looking through the glass every half bour, the puss!"
"Mr. Maurice," began Andrew, half trembling, but wholly resolved, he thought—although it must be confessed that with time, and distance, and Frarie's effusive letters and flattering prospects on the other hand.

THE BATURDAY EVERDISC DOST.

| The property of the content of the

night—now picturing to herself the glad minute of his coming, the quick explaining words, the bursting tears of relief, the joy of that warm embrace, the touch of those

and hurried by, she remembered obter times when she had passed them, and had stopped to listen, cared for, protected, with Andrew's arm about her; and now, as the clocks, one after another, remotely chimed the hour, the sound smote her with a familiar sweetness full of pain; and now, as she came along the sea-wall and saw the dark river glimmering full river darkened only by that blot where wither and ever the same while its myste. the you're longing to see her; and sha's been the condition of the coming through the glass with the coloning through the glass with the coloning through the glass with the coloning through the coloning of the coloning of

served in the middle chane piers, magainted and unery care to show the serve capes to show the
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the condition of going.

"And it was all a dream, the pre
wind the warm the word is an interesting the conthe pu

dared see you—for—oh, Louie—how can you over—"

"Hush, hush, dear!" she breathed.—

"What odds is all that now? We have our life before us."

"Only just help me live it, Louie."

"God will help us," she answered. And as she spoke a sudden rainbow lesped into the weatern beaven as if to seal her promise, and as it slowly faded there came a wild salt smell, an air that tingled like a toule through the veins; the east wind was singing in from sea, bringing the music of breaker and shore, and the fever was blasted by its breath throughout the little Sabrina.—Lippinesti's Magasins.

Wild pigeons are never seen in the

Wild pigeons are never seen in the Rocky Mountains.

An Albany undertaker has invented a coffia whoth "folds down" and exposes the body at full length, making it appear as if reclining on a sofa. It is designed to save people of weak nerves the shooking sight of a coffin that looks like a coffin.

A Ban Francisco letter says: "There is not a solitary openiog in the state of California, wast as it is, for another elerk, hook-keeper, salesmae, half-educated doctor, mining-stock broker or general adventurer."

The squares and pleasure grounds of Paris have been planted with cabasecs and cauliflowers for the use of the inhabitiants.

Linen can be glazed by adding a teaspountul of sait and one of finely-acraped white seap into a pint of starch.

Tas New York Commercial Adverticer says that a cossus-taker in a rural district of Missouri, reports two pairs of twins burn in the last three years to a happy couple named Woodbine. Thus is at last found Mr. Fisk's favorite place, "where the Woodbine facin-eth."

Woodbine toin-eth."
The Mayor of Louisville has reject

The Mayor of Louisville has veloced a cordinance against staring at pretty women in the streets, on the ground that it is rather the man who does not admire female beauty on whom the veograme of the law should fall, and that if such an ordinance should be enforced, the city government would have to be indicated under its previsions.

If hate anything that occupies more space than it is worth. I hate to see a load of bandbaxes so along the street, and I hate to see a parcel of big words without anything is them.—Hashid.

A balloon passage out of Paris costs four bundred dollars.

Terra are ten thousand square miles

Tere are ten thousand square miles of coal deposits in Obio.

An acre of land has been sold in the

olty of London for \$3 600,000, and in mearly every portion of the city land is said to be increasing in value every pear.

A Kansas paper cursorily remorks that a gentleman is the house business was "induced to try another sphere of operations by about forty feet of rope."

A Western novelty is baptism by monalish.

go about at fast at the express trains on American railreads.

25° A "shoumaker" writes that he is not only willing to give woman her rights, but her "rights and lefts." That is his last

but her "righte and lefte." That is his last joke.

EF Kontucky has developed a unicorn. A Cotsword back has aprouted since April a single horn, thirteen inches lung.

EF Dr. Die Lewis subestie that a man's stomach is senser his sense that his brain, that dyspepsis ruise character, and that the examination of a man's liver gives a better clus to the kind of man he is than an examination of the skull.

EF There has been a disension in England as to the value of acorns as food for cattle. Some persons say that they are poisonous, while others estimate the acorn crep in that country this year as worth more than a million sterling. The fact seems to be that acorns, dry and ripe, are very valuable food for swize and sheep, taken in moderation.

EF A German paper in Akron, Ohio, recently published a betrothal such as is customary in the old country, a translation of which reads as follows:—The betrothal of our daughter, Andrea, with the printer, Mr. W. Miller, in Akron, Ohio, is hereby given notice of.

H. GENTS AND WIFE.

W. Miller, in Akron, Ohlo, is hereby given notice of.

H. GENTS AND WIFE.

Cleveland, Nov. 12, 1870.

EF CLERGYMEN'S SALARIES.—Ten years ago, says the Congregationalist, the highest salary paid to any Triniturian Congregational Clergyman in Massachusetts was \$2,400. Last year, twenty-eight churches, \$2,000; instances shurches, \$3,000; and three churches, \$5,000.

EF A farmer in Orange county, Florida, during the season, realizes \$120 a mouth from nine banana plants.

EF The "iridescent" is the name applied to a new style of invitation card, which radiates the buce of the rainbow.

EF Although Russia delights to display on her coins and postage stamps the effigy of the double-heasted eagle, she is trying all abe can to be a turkey gobbler.

EF A correspondent of Scribnet's Monthly, states that it was Dr. Evans, the American deutist, who helped the Empress Eugenie to occape by the akin of her teeth, and not M. de Lessepe.

to escape by the akin of her teeth, and not M. de Lesseps.

(27) Street-care, moved by compressed air, are running in Chicago. At the tail trip on Saturday, one of them went three miles and a quarter in thirty minutes, with an initial pressure of one hundred and twenty-five pounds to the square inch.

(27) The value of diamonds has been largely depreciated by the quantity offered for eals in London by French families. Mr. Emanuel, an eminent authority, places this depreciation at 30 per cent. It is probably known to those interested in precious stones that a similar depreciation followed the large French emigration to London after the revolution.

(3) Jethro is the smallest town in the United States that is lighted with gas. It is on the Ohio River, and has ninety-nine in-

haveanu.

However much physical disease may tend to improve the spiritual health, no man was ever improved by a tendency to tooth-

ache.

Some young brides think it an evidence of brilliancy to omit the "obey" in the troth-plighting of the Episcopal marriage service. One of them was much shocked, a short time since, when the officiating minister refused to proceed with the ceremony till the checkious word was audibly uttered by the rebellious dames!.

The reviews of the New Testament have decided that the true translation of the passage in the Lord's Prayer is, "Deliver us from the evil one." They have also sgreed to expunge the Dozelegy at the end, as it is absent from all the earlier editions.

Gued Sir Frances Lyett offers \$250,3 000, if the Wesleyan Conference will raise an equal amount, to build fifty chapels in

The commerce of the world, it is ested, requires 8,000,000 navigators. timated, requires 5,000,000 mavigators.

23" A won-ferful surgical operation was performed a short time since at Cauton, Illinuis. A girl, whose face had been almost completely eaten away by an ulceration, was about to commit suicide, when she was taken in hand by a doctor, the progress of the discase arrested, and a piece of flesh taken from the body and successfully transplanted in the face. Teeth were supplied by a dentist—and now the girl has so far recovered, that she might pass in society without having any deformity noticed.

25" James Freeman Clarke, in Old and New, says "A politician is a man who thinks of the next election; while a statement thinks of the next election; while a statement thinks of the next generation."

25" Some careful man has accertained that the average head contains 130,000 hairs. The average moustache contains about 14.

about 14.

EF The Botton Advertiser says that Parliadelphia rivals Massachusetts in the about rade. And some Massachusetts ladies say that the Philadelphia shace are far superior to the home made.

EF A Montreal tank bad \$3,000 in gold deposited by Wilkes Booth just before his work of assacination, and though the bank has often notified his brother and his mother, both decline to take the messy. In a few years more it will go to the British government.

Rates of Advertising.

Thirty comis a line for the first inscriton. ty cepta for each additional insertion Payment is required in advance.

# RUPTURE

ared by Dr. Sherman's Patent Appliance piece Carative, without the injury experien in the use of tracese. Pamphiets illustrating or of Supplem, before and after care, with or prometion of interest, to the reprinted, mailed into all two.

## BUCHU.

[From Disponentory of the United States ]

Diosma Crenata-Buchu Leaves.

are gently stimulant, with a peculiar tendency to the Urinary Organa.

sans, such as Gravel, Chronic Catarrh of the Bladder, tiam, Cutaneous Affections, and Dropey.

decline or change of life; after Confinement, or

In affections peculiar to females, the Extract Buchu is unequalled by any other remedy, as in Chlo or Schirrous State of the Uteras, Loucarrhou,

AND DESCRIPTION SWELLDES .- This medicine in recents into healthy action, by which the Watery or Calcareous depositions, and all Unnatural En-

HELEBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU has cured every cas London.

ESF Wedding presents are coming to be counted as capital upon which the business of married life is to be carried on. Not long since, at the wedding of a daughter of excellenter of the series of the represent \$60,000. More recently, another wedding among the couponed fortunates took place, at which the presents were valued at \$200,000.

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pe and will force the heard to grow thick and heavy
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in every case, or mooney refunded: 28 one 8 package,

### BIT ARD RUCOS.

Could Not See 34,

"Describe" manes has first contribution to the Drawer as festows:

Ususing down from a town that is situated "a small few of distance" up the Harism Raismed the other day, I was at first annayed, then assessed, by the writhing antice of a green-tooking chap who occupied the sead just in frunt of me. He observed closely every person that came in, scrutinia-d their dress, menners, style, and conversation, and seemed to solve all social problems to his satisfaction, until at last he began to take a strange and peculiar interest in teams posts that are set up at the spironsh of every station. These are painted white, and bear some of them the letter "W," others "R," that the engineer may "whistle" or "ring," as the case may be, for the warning of the sistion-master." My verdent genius looked with everingers out-oily at these mysterious posts. Town after town was passed, station after station aligned by; at every one be beheld the posts with the cabilistic inscriptions; he could make nothing of them. At last cathesty overcame his be hulmens, and he turned to me and saked for an explanation of the pussing hiereglyphies. I informed him, with all my castomary politoness, that the leaters were directions to the driver of the engine; when he reached the "W" post he was to ring.

The auxious inquirer turned away with a muttered word of tanks, but presently he tarned to me and said:

"Stranger, I o'puse you're right; but blamed if I can understand it. I hoow that 'W-r-i-a-g' spells 'Ring,' but how you can spell 'Whistle' with an 'R' bears all my disseict schooling."—Harper's Magazine.

Nashw asse:

### A Second Washington.

Nasby caps:
I commenced being good at a very early age, and built myself up on the best models. I was yet an infant were I read the affecting story of the backing down of the cherry tree by George Washington, and his maniy statement to his father that he could not tell a lie. I read the story, and it filled me with a desire to surpass him. I was not noting to allow any such boy as George Washington, if he did afterwards get to he a President, to excel me is the moralities. Immediately I senses an axe, and cut down the most valuable cherry tree my father had; and more, I dug up the roots and burned the branches, so that by no means could the variety be produced, and I went skatting one flunday, so that I might confess the two faults, and be wept over and forgiven on account of my extrements write thulless. The experiments were, I regret to eap, partial count of my extreme truthfuluess. The ex-periments were, I regret to say, partial failures. I was very much like George Washington, but the trouble was, my father didn't resemble George Washington's father, which was essential to the success of my scheme. "Did you cut down that cherry tree?" saked he. "Father, I cannot tell a lie. I did it with my little hatchet," I an-wered, straking the proper attitude for the lie. I did it with my little hatchet," I answered, striking the proper attitude for the old gentleman to shed tears on me. But he did ut shed. He remarked that he had rather I had told a thousand lies than to have cut cown that particular tree, and he whipped me till I was in a state of exasperating rawness. My skating idea was no less a failure. I broke through the ice that Sunday and was pulsed out with difficulty—and a boat-nook. As I lay sick for a month with a fever, I didn't get a chance to get off the Washington remark.

## The Hair Vigor Man.

An lows paper says:—"At the funeral of a young man in Des Moines, recently, the services for the cead took place at the dwelling of the parents. After a most parhetic address, which brought tears from all the young ladies present, the minister inquired if any of the dear triends of the deceased wished to say snything on this solemn occasion. A stranger here stepped forward, and, after expressing sympathy with the fit-ade of the deceased, remarked that the ways of Providence were inscrutable, and in this connection he wished to mention that he was the agent for a first-rate article of in this connection he sisted to mention that he was the agent for a first-rate article of hair sigor for the state of lows. The corpse had used it for years with great advantage, and he confidently recommended is, especially to the minister and undertaker present, as he perceived they were both painfully baid. 'Blake the bottle, gentlemen, and rut the matter well in with a stiff brush,' said he. At this stage of the proceedings a slight disturbance occurred, and the hair vigor man disap, sared."

## Just the Hight Expression.

Human vanity sometimes crops out suddeniy in the last circumstances where we should naturally look for it. A distinguished American artist was once visited in his studio by a liste party of ladies, all strangers to him. At last they went away, but one of the women soon returned alone. Getting the attention of the artist, she began in the most confidential and winning manner:—
"Mr. —, don't you toink that in some facure group you may introduce the figure of a whow?" "Of course it is possible, yet not likely. Why do you ask?" "Because a mininter of myself taken only a



PEW-OPENER-" Trouble you to step out of the pew, sir, to let this here poor deformed oung lady pass in !"

### JUDGE NOT.

Judge not; the workings of his brain And of his heart thou can't not see; What books to thy dim eyes a stain, In God's pure light may only be A sear bought from some well-worn field, Where thou wouldst only faint and yield.

The look, the air that frets thy sight,
May be a token that below
The soul has closed in deadly fight
With some informat, flery foe,
Waose glance would scorch thy smiling grace, And cost thee shuddering on thy face,

The fell thou darest to despise, May benceforth learn to use his wings.

May be the slackened angel's hand

Has suffered it, that he may rise

And take a firmer, surer stand;

Or, trusting less to earthly things,

May henceforth learn to use his wings.

And judge none lost, but wait and see, With hopeful pity, not disdain; The depth of the abyas may be, The measure of the beight of pain, And love and glory, that may raise This soul to God in after days.

## Fine Church Idelatry.

Prince Church Idelatry.

Perhaps i never told you that Saint Rainbow's is in debt. If I have said or impired otherwise I was mistaken, because the fact is that we have not paid for all that stained glass, and those groused arches, and that exquisite carring, and that delicate painting. Indeed, we built a church the cost of which was twenty times greater than our means justified, and we are engaged in paying for it. De you imaging the consequences. means justified, and we are engaged in paying for it. Do you imagine the consequences? The first is that we must have a preacher who will "draw." We want people to come and take pows at a fine price; and to secure that result we must have a chort of artisles also, besides the drawing preacher. And here is more expense to enable us to pay our dobt. Then we have concerts and fairs to help lift the load. The young ladies and the matrons are always busy with sewing-meetings and little plots of every kind to make money, and the fathers and hu-bands are always paying small sums under the smallest pretences, all for the relief of the church, and the payment of the dobt. If I courch, and the payment of the debt. If I
meet a man in the street whose brow is sad,
and his eye heavy, and his step languid,
say to myself that he is a member of Saint
Rainbow's, and is carrying his share of that
noble editor. noble edific-

And believe me, dear Lemnel, it is very And believe me, dear member, it is very heavy; it is prinfully beavy. It is all stone, you know, laid in the most solid manner; and the weight of a whole cathedral, even when divided among several hundreds of the control of the con ragged sonois, union to varie the six and ragged sonois, union to the research and suffering, because all their time and labor must be devoted to making pin-cushious and toties and mate and slippers, to sell for the relief of the debt of Saint Raiobow's, I am ready to deny that it is Saint Raiobow's, and to declare it to be rather Saint Moloch's or Saint Juggernaut's, so utterly absorbed are all these numan energies in devotion to that elaborate cathedral, that painted stone image, while men and women and children are shivering and starving outside. Why, my good, severend sir, why denounce Polymeta so bitterly, as if it were far over the eas, when it is in the powe beneath you? Nay, when you yourself are the very Polymeta so bitterly, as if it were far over welping up your parish to sacrifice themselves to the nuge stone ided in which, at this moment, you stand and preach?—Beaut.

something to turn up.' Otherwise, why did be spill a comple of bottles of ink over a sheet of paper, and then send it to this effice, pretending it was an article for the Advance? Advance?

### AGRICULTURAL.

Devens for all Purposes

Bevons for all Purposes.

It is fashiousble, on our illinois prairies, to praise the biggest cattle as the best, and the thoughts of most of our stock-improving farmers are turned to Darhams and their grades as the most desirable cattle. Possibly where beef is the only object, and core and grass are far away from towns and railroads, and obesp, so that an extra ten bushels of corn or helf an acre of grass are hardly worth the reckoning, these may be the best cattle.

the best cattle.

But if one wants to get the animal combining the best milking, beef and working qualities for the smallest expense, he should get the Devon. Ten or twelve years age, desiring to improve my herd of cattle, I was induced to look into the question of the most profitable cattle for the region and latitude of St. Louis. Here is a market near at hand in which all kinds of cattle feed bear a fair price, making-conomy in feedat hand in which all kinds of cattle feedbear a fair price, making economy in feeding a point to be looked into more carefully
than it has been on our wasteful grain farms.

During the later summer, we have often
severe droughts and short pastures, so that
heavy feeders require a large norsage for
their sustenance. Looking at these points,
even if we concede that, with high feeding,
the Short-horn is the best, we must prefer
the Devon for the common ways of common
farmers. But experience goes to show that farmers. But experience goes to show that the smaller snimal on the thipper lands will the smaller animal on the thirmer lands will glean a better sustenance and get in better condition, other thirgs being squal, just as in apring, sheep and young extile will fill themselves from the young grass before the larger animals are able to do so. Over and above this, we may believe, from the experience of those who have bred the Devon and Durban side by side, that there is more assimilation of food and less offal in the Devon, so that a pound of beef represents a smaller smount of feed in the Devon. Tota, I think is the observation of Cot. Horace Capron, our present Commissioner of Agriculture, who has fed the two becost together. I have not evolute experience to pronounce culture, who has fed the two become together. I have not enough experience to propounce a definite opinion, but I am told by a feeder that some half grade Devon steers which I noted him fed more satisfactorily than the common cattle of the country or grade Shut-horns. Fat steers, I find, agreeably disappoint the purchaser whose eye judgment has been formed in the examination of the more heave and less cornact bullocks of t is all stone, bid manner; been formed in the examination of the more leggy and less compact bullocks of other breeds. The beef is better and worth hundreds of Why, when the tends of the Several years' examination of the bott-born, or for that matter, of most other breeds. Several years' examination of the persons, is enormous. Idols? Why, when I see all the young people unable to work for any poor children, unable to teach at the ragged solucies, unable to triait the sick and suffering, because all their time and labor must be devoted to making pin-cushions and own beef. The smoothness and uniformity of the steers impress the purcha er favorably, and make them fancy lots in the markets. Their wenk point, if they have one, is

of form and color, excellence of heef, richness of milk, and superfority as a work animal, do not seem to tell against the bigness of the fibert-horn. Just as the popular and superficial choice fixes upon the bigness and bright color of fruits as criteris is selection, and purchases. "Big Bomannises" in preference to Newtown Pippins, and Concords instead of Dalawares, so I sometimes think the big and claussy draught-horse and the large and artificial Durham are preferred for the very insufficient reason of superior airs.

for the very insufficient reason of superior size.

But for many, perhaps most, parks of our country, I am strongly inclined to think that the common farmer who grows cattle for his own use and to sell in the markets, and who is not doing a fancy business in taking premiums at fairs, and selling over-fed calves at exception prices, as breedens, will find the Devon a more profitable animal than the Short-horn. I am afraid it may be considered very heterodox, possibly bia-phemous, to say so, but such is the drift of my conclusions thus far, after some experience and some observation.— W. C. Flagg, in Hearth and Homs.

Short-born. I am afraid it may be considered vary heterodox, possibly bis-phemous, to say so, but such is the drift of my conclusions thus far, after some experience and some observation.—W. C. Flagg, in Hearth and Home.

Freed the Ceste and Calves Well.

It is a generally accepted maxim in all stock-feeding that, with growing unimals, excessive nourishment is the mest practicale. It takes a certain quantity of blood to keep the machine running; so much to supply the waste through the lungs; so much for the waste of the mucles; so much to replace the discarded material of the boose; so much to keep the digestive organs distended. The consumption—the practical destruction—of this amount of food occurs in all cases; as well when the unimal remains stationary as to growth, as when it was increasing in weight from day to day. It is from the assimilated food in excess of this waste that all profit comes. The rule is as good for colts as for beef cattle. If they are insufficiently fed, all that is taken up by the digastive organs goes to sustain the vital functions of the animal—it is used up for "runing ciently fed, all that is taken up by the digastive organs goes to sustain the vital functions of the animal—it is used up for "runing ciently fed, all that is taken up by the digastive organs goes to sustain the vital functions of the animal—it is used up for "runing ciently fed, all that is taken up by the digastive organs goes to sustain the vital functions of the animal—it is used up for "runing ciently fed, all that is taken up by the digastive organs goes to sustain the vital functions of the animal—it is used up for "runing ciently fed, all that is taken up by the digastive organs goes to sustain the vital functions of the animal—it is used up for "runing ciently fed, all that is taken up by the digastive organs goes to sustain the vital functions of the animal—it is used up for "runing ciently fed, all that is taken up by the digastive organs goes to sustain the vital functions.

Two men start from the same si

growth.
By way of illustration, we will assume that a horse, five years old, has eaten the equivalent or ten tons of hay, and one hundred bushels of oats, and that his present weight is about one-twentieth part the weight of his food. This weight represents all that has been actually saved from a vast amount of food. Of the remainder, all that all that has been actually saved from a vast amount of food. Of the remainder, all that has been assimilated by the animal has gone for "runafug expenses." The ten hundred and odd pounds are all the profit that the mill has made. Obviously, if by supplying the material faster we can accumulate the same amount of profit in a shorter time, we shall save the "running expenses" for so long. If it were possible to accumulate the whole weight of body in three years instead of five years, we should save two-fifths of the coat of supporting the animal's life while it is developing to a nerful condition. That it is possible to do this, the wonderful races run by horses the years old sufficiently prove. Such immense results as this cannot be hoped for in the case of cold-blooded horses, with whom early maturity has not hitherto been an especial desideratum; but enough can be gaines to add greatly to the profit of feeding; and after all, horse-raising is only another means for converting the produce of the soil into a more saleable form. It is within bounds to say (and the satement is sustained by my own observation) that common horses may be grown as large, as alsoog, and as endaring at the age of three vers as mustained by my own observation) that common bores may be grown as large, as alwoog, and as enduring at the age of three years as they generally are at five.—Horse Papers in American Agriculturist. (We see the Guimautown Telegraph decide this assertion. It seems to be quite plausible, but as the Telegraph is good authority our residers must judge for themselves.—Ed. Sat. Ecc. Post ]

Walks About the Premises.

The season is upon us when good, hard walks about our dwellings, barns and outbouses generally, and very desirable on many accounts—health, convenience and comfort being among them. How many of our agricultural readers neglect this home duty? How many allow the paths even to their houses to be almost impassable in most weather? And so with the paths to the barn, or different stable-doors, to the hog-pens, cattle-yards, &c. We have known persons to wade through water, mud and soft manure for eight months in the year, to get at these several places, at the expense of damp feet and nasty boots, instead of providing a Walks About the Premises feet and maky boots, instead of providing a contact, of stones, coal-ax-es or boards, either of which could be made at small expense and a few hours of time in labor. Energially is this nealect to be condemned as the contact of the pecially is this neglect to be condemned where the females of the family are the sufperially is this neglect to be condemned where the femsies of the family are the surferers. We have many times seen the way to the wood-pile, coal-bia, spring-house, chicken-yard and other indispensable points, totally unfit to be used by them. If any one thinks there is any economy in this, he is grievously mistakee. To say nothing as to the loss of time in wading through the mud, the wear-and-tear of shoe-leather and injury to garments would alone pay the entire expense of providing good, dry walke; but when the question of nealth, of suffering and doctor's bills are taken into necous, it ought to be sufficient to drive every negligent, may mpathizing bead of a family, whether in town or country, to follow the suggestions herein made. A man who will not look after the reasonable needs and comforts of his household, does not deserve to have a family.—Germantown Telegraph.

the attention of the artist, she began in the most confidential and winning manner." Mr. —, don't you think that in most forms group we may introduce the figure of the delay of the third of the delay of the third of the first and mark and alloyed." An alloy, and make the first and mark and alloyed. An alloy, and make the first and mark and alloyed. The first and the first and mark and alloyed. The first and the

### THE REDSEED.

I am acanomic of 25 letters. My 1, 8, 17, 4, 10, 26, was an ancient prophet. My 5, 15, 43, 26, 30, 9, was a bacge of sey-

My 91, 55, 53, 20, 30, 2, was a bacge of soy-alty.

My 11, 25 4, 16, 12, 34, was an ancient town.

My 10, 2, 4, 34, 14, 15, was an ancient queen.

My 21, 34, 18, 1, 10, 6, was an ancient sity.

My 30, 30, 23, 24, 24, 25, was an ancient mas.

My 30, 30, 23, 24, 24, 25, was an ancient mas.

My 30, 30, 7, 10, 31, 12, was an ancient mas.

My 36, 13, 14, 84, 2, 27, was an ancient pro-My whole is a beautiful passage for the Bible.

Two men start from the same side of a rquare field, and walk across it in naknown directions. What is the probability that both men will cross one side of the field?

Bend solutions to ARTEMAS MARTIN.

### Problem.

The diameter of a circle is 24 inobes. The maximum triangle, right-angled at the diameter, is inserthed within a semicircle. Required—the sides of the triangle.

O. B. SHELDON.

Rockwood, Randolph Co., Ill.

### Conundrume.

Why is dough like the sun? Ans.—Because when it rises it is light

What did Lot do when his wife turned to sait? Ans.—Got a fresh one.

Why does a butcher stick splinters of wood into his meat? Ans.—To s'kew'r it for his enterparts.

for his customers,

(29" Why is the way of the transgressor hard? Aus.—Because it is so much travel-

led.

(27 What bad habit does a man contract when he falls into a way of preising everything and everybody? Ans.—He takes to laud's 'm.

(27 CON. FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT IN BENIORTED AFRICA.—Why would Casarbave made a fine novelist? Ans.—Because he was a great Roman—Sir.

(27 Why is Gibralter one of the most wonderful pisces in the world? Ans.—Recause it's always on the rock, but never moves.

## Answers to Last.

ENIGMA .-

"Twas but a moment-o'er the rose A veil of mose the angel throws— And, robed in Nature's simplest weed, Could there a flower that rose exceed [" RIDDLE — Swallow.

## RECEIPTS.

COMMUNICATED RECEIPTS —Having a scrap book full of choice receipts taken from THE POST during the last twenty years, I would like to add a mite toward helping others in the same way.

Glass hottles or jars for canning fruit may be used without gravually heating them in any way. Dip a thick towel in cold water, wring it out lightly, fold it several times and stand your glass jar upon the wet towel. You can then fill it with builing fruit and syrup without danger of breaking it. I tried the jar or bottle.

the jar or bottle.

SOUP.—Thick comps require more reasoning than thin. Never allow the soup to stand in an iron pot a moment after it is removed from the fire; atrain immediately through a cloth laid in a cullender into a clean atone jar. When it is necessary to use a soup the same day, to facilitate the process of separating the grease, dip the cloth in cold water.

To make soup transparent, beat the whites of two aggs with their shells with a little cold water, (this will clear a gallon of broth,) and add by stirring hard. As soon as the broth is sufficiently cooled, remove the "top pot." as the fat is called. This may be taken off in a cake, and is particularly useful for frying purposes.

for frying purposes.

For twistening coups, you may use bread crumbs, flour, poistors, peas, beans, rice or eggs. They should be added before the soup is estained, that the consistency may be neiform.

To give body to a clear soup, use gelatine,

tapices or eggs.
For a rich brown roug, use burnt engar.
Grated carrots make a very handsome
colored broth.

Sippets of bread cut in the shape of dis-moods and fried a bright brown are often thrown into clear soups.

Vegetables should be cut in small dice and added just long enough before the time for seasoning to cook them.

An ocion \*tuck full of cloves gives dark soups a rich flaver.

Read the white of an

noupe a rich flavor.

LERING TARTA—Beat the white of an egg till stiff, and when your tart is half baked take it from the even, brush it over with the egg, and sift white sugar (not very flos) thiokity over it as you put it again into the oven to complete the baking process.

HARRON'S SHORE MACKING.—Cox of very black, I on all vityred, I us of sweet oil, i pint of molames, i go loss of vinegar.